

1. Prior to receiving biologicals from HHMI

Prepare

- Components for media:
 - o CaCl₂ (100 mM)
 - o Cycloheximide (10 mg/mL)
 - o Dextrose (40 %)
 - o Glycerol (40 %)

- Media:
 - o PYCa liquid medium (500 ml)
 - o PYCa-agar plates (500 ml)

Recipe cards for preparing these various reagents, including estimated amounts to be prepared, are provided in the Phage Discovery Instructor's Guide, Appendix B. Video protocols for preparing filter-sterilized solutions as well as agar plates are available on the program website: https://seaphages.org/videochannels/12/

Test

- Media
 - o PYCa liquid medium Incubate 1 aliquot of prepared media at 30 °C for 48 hrs and observe for growth of contaminants.
 - o PYCa-agar plates
 Incubate 1 plate per batch of agar at 30 °C for 4 days and observe for growth of contaminants.



2. Upon receiving biologicals from HHMI / University of Pittsburgh

Prepare

- Biologicals
 - o Receive bacterial strains and bacteriophage lysates from HHMI/University of Pittsburgh.
 - You will receive the following biologicals from the Hatfull Lab at the University of Pittsburgh:

Bacteria: Gordonia rubripertincta and Arthrobacter globiformis bacterial strains. For each strain, you will receive 2 x glycerol stocks

Bacteriophage: 1 x DMSO stocks of bacteriophage that infect *Gordonia rubripertincta* and *Arthrobacter globiformis*, each. Upon receipt, place all stocks at -80 °C for indefinite storage.

Note: Stocks contain a cryoprotectant, glycerol or DMSO, and are suitable for freezing at -80 °C.

Streak plate

For each of the two bacteria sent to you, use one vial as the source of bacteria to prepare streak plates. When you are done preparing the streak plate, mark the tube you used so that you can differentiate between the opened and unopened tube. Incubate the streak plates at 30 °C for 4 days. A general video protocol for preparing a streak plate is available on the program website: https://seaphages.org/videochannels/12/

Test

- Streak plates
 - Observe the freshly streaked plates daily for colony formation, paying attention to colony morphology. Document your observations, including photographs. Once single colonies are formed, proceed to Preparing Additional Glycerol Stocks.



3. Preparing Additional Glycerol Stocks

Prepare

Liquid culture and glycerol stocks of bacteria.

For each of the two bacteria, identify a single colony from your streak plate, inoculate a 50 ml liquid (PYCa) culture at 30 $^{\circ}$ C for 3 days, with shaking, and observe for growth. Once saturated, prepare 5 – 10 glycerol stocks to be frozen. You will come to rely on these stocks for several years.

Recipe cards preparing a liquid culture and glycerol stocks are provided in the Phage Discovery Instructor's Guide, Appendix B. Video protocols for preparing a liquid culture and glycerol stocks are available on the program website: https://seaphages.org/videochannels/12/

Once you have prepared additional glycerol stocks, follow the instructions below to test your freshly prepared glycerol stocks.

Test

o Test bacterial glycerol stocks by streak plate

Using one of your freshly prepared glycerol stocks, streak 2 plates for individual colonies. Incubate the streak plates at 30 °C for 4 days. Observe the freshly streaked plates daily for colony formation, paying attention to colony morphology. Compare your observation to the streak plate prepared using the glycerol stock sent from the program to determine that your freshly prepared stocks are not contaminated with non-host bacteria. Non-host bacteria are likely to have different growth rates and/or colony morphology when compared to your host bacteria. Document your observations, including photographs.